



Research Conference 2020

# Mother-child relationship: A potential resource for young people disclosing harmful sexual experiences

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## Background

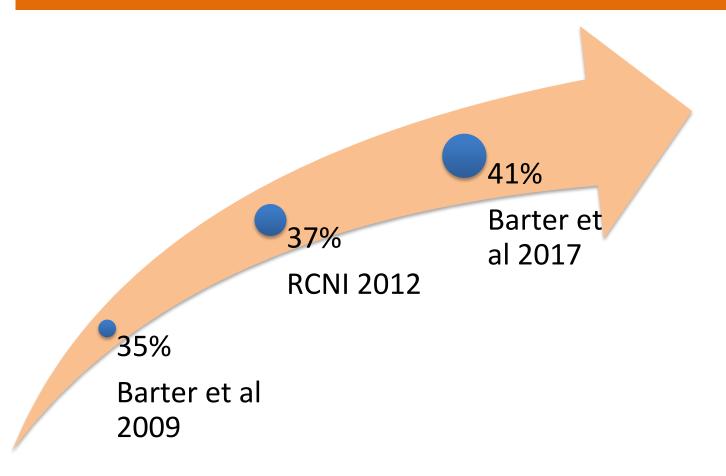
- "Sexual intimacy is not a simple matter, it is imbued with a multiplicity of expectations about gender, varying desires and motivations" (Carmody, 2005, p.478)
  - Non-verbal cues and body language
    - Penetrative sex
    - Adolescents use of Alcohol
  - confuses young people's understanding of, what is, or is not, consensual sex (MacNeela et al., 2014; Coleman and Carter, 2005).







## Sexual Violence in Adolescent Relationships



- Culture of protecting children from sexual abuse by adults/authority
- Less attention on abuse in adolescent relationships (peer-to-peer abuse)





#### Survivors of sexual violence

- Girls are at greater risk of experiencing sexual
  harassment, negative effects from sexting, sexual bullying
  and coercion (Ringrose et al., 2014; Maxwell et al., 2010;
  Maxwell, 2006; McGee et al.)
- Low self-esteem, guilt and self-blaming
- Confusion and PTSD
- Increased externalizing symptoms,
- Greater number of sexual partners (Sprecher et al., 1995;
   Meirer, 2007; Young et al., 2012; Hackett, 2016).







#### Disclosure

- Is commonly delayed, occurring in a piecemeal fashion
- Young people can be confused -
- -- they **don't know** if they gave consent
- they were drunk when the abuse took place
- the abuse was carried out by a friend or partner
- -- they blame themselves for what happened.
- Yet it is important that young people can safely tell someone about their experience so they can receive help and support and stop it from happening again (Allnock, 2010).







### **Null Hypotheses**

#### Hypothesis 1, 2 and 3:

• "when I have problems, I can usually talk to", my "mother"; my "father" and "another adult" and gender differences.

#### Hypothesis 4:

• Mothers "intimacy" levels are examined against young people's choice of who they would talk to and their **level of ease** or **difficulty** 

#### Hypothesis 5:

 Mothers "intimacy" and Young peoples levels of talking "openly about sex with their mothers".

#### Hypothesis 6a, b, c:

• The sexual topic's mothers report they have spoken personally about with their children while examining if there is *any gender bias to these conversations*.



## Methodology

#### **DATA SET**

- GUI Wave 3 of the Child Cohort(Cohort'98) Anonymised Microdata Files (AMF)
  - Young people aged 17/18 years
  - Which took place between April2015 and August 2016.
  - And represent 74% retention of the original sample (n = 8,568)
- This analysis **n** = **6,216**

#### **WEIGHTS**

| FILE<br>OPTIONS | PARTICIPATED<br>AT:               | NUMBER<br>OF STUDY<br>YOUNG<br>PEOPLE |  |  |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| А               | 9 years, 13 years and 17/18 years | 6,039                                 |  |  |
| В               | 9 years and 17/18 years only      | 177                                   |  |  |
|                 | <u>TOTAL</u>                      | 6,216                                 |  |  |





#### Measures

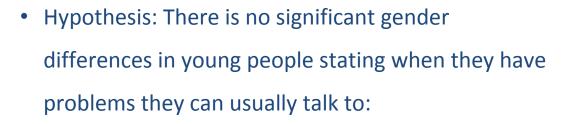
- **Sex** (Male/Female)
- "When I have problems, I can usually talk to ..."
  - my Mother/my Father/Another Adult
- How easy or difficult they felt it was to talk openly about sex
   with their mother
- Intimacy subscale (Thonnissen et al, 2014).
- Have you spoken personally to the <young person> about sexual health issues?
  - Sex and sexual intercourse
  - Sexual feelings, relationships and emotions
  - Contraception







#### Hypotheses 1, 2 and 3



- L5a) their Mother? (Yes/No/Don't know)
- L5b) their Father? (Yes/No/Don't know)
- L5c) Another Adult? (Yes/No/Don't know)







## Crosstab results: Gender and "When I have a problem.."

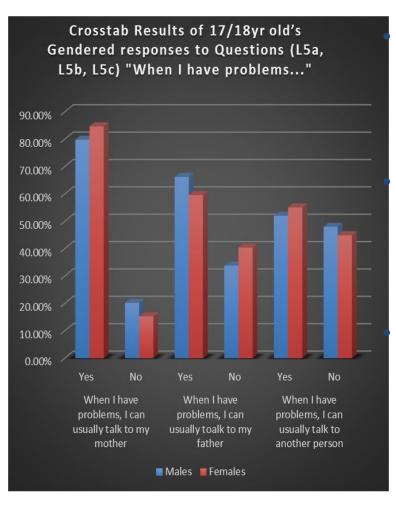
1, 2 & 3 –
Rejected

|                | When I have problems, I can usually talk to my <b>mother</b> |       |               | When I have problems, I can usually talk to my father |        |               | When I have problems, I can usually talk to another person |       |               |
|----------------|--|-------|---------------|---|--------|---------------|--|-------|---------------|
|                | Yes  | No    | Don't<br>know | Yes   | No     | Don't<br>know | Yes  | No    | Don't<br>know |
| Males          | 79.6%  | 20.2% | 0.2%          | 66.2%   | 31.9%  | 0.2%          | 52%  | 47.9% | 0.2%          |
| Females        | 84.5%  | 15.3% | 0.2%          | 59.6%   | 40.40% | 0.2%          | 55.1%  | 44.8% | 0.1%          |
| Total<br>Count | 4874   | 1054  | 13            | 3599  | 2117   | 11.00         | 2,989  | 2594  | 10            |
| Total %        | 82%  | 17.7% | 0.2%          | 62.8%   | 37%    | 0.2%          | 53.4%  | 46.4% | 0.2%          |





## 17/18yr olds Gendered Responses to Questions "When they have problems..."



#### Hypothesis 1 (Mothers)

- F=84%, M = 79%
- (Chi-square = 24.439, df = 2, p < 0.001).</li>Small effect size (Phi = 0.064)

#### Hypothesis 2 (Fathers)

- F = 59%, M = 66%
- (Chi-Square = 26.884, df = 2, p < 0.001).</li>(Phil = 0.069)

## Hypothesis 3 (Another Adult) rejected

- F = 55%, M = 52%
- (Chi-Square = 6.836, df = 2, p < 0.033).</li>(Phi = 0.035)







## Hypothesis 4

#### Hypothesis 4:

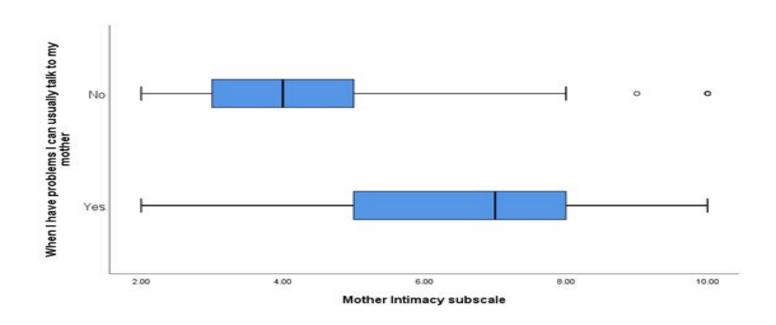
• There is no statistically significant relationship between the level of mother's "intimacy" and whether young people endorse the question "when I have a problem I can usually talk to my mother"







## Hypothesis 4 (1/2)



- Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS)test
- Mann-Whitney U-Test
- Null Hypothesis was rejected
- (Mann-Whitney U = 659,771, Z = -34.331, p < 0.001)





## Hypothesis 4 (2/2)

| Descriptive Statistics                                    |      |                        |        |                                     |        |        |  |  |
|---|------|------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|--|--|
|   | N    | Std.<br>Mean Deviation |        | Percentiles 50th 25th (Median) 75th |        |        |  |  |
| Mother Intimacy subscale                                  | 5745 | 6.1297                 | 2.0065 | 5.0000                              | 6.0000 | 8.0000 |  |  |
| L5a. When I have problems I can usually talk to my mother | 5754 | 1.18                   | 0.38   | 1.00                                | 1.00   | 1.00   |  |  |

#### Null Hypothesis 4 was rejected:

- "mother intimacy subscale" mean = 6.129, median = 6
- "can you usually talk to their mother" mean = 1.18,
   median =1
- Strengthens the reliability
- (Mann-Whitney U = 659,771, Z = -34.331, p < 0.001)
- Data confirms a moderate real-life effect size (r=-0.46)





## Hypothesis 5

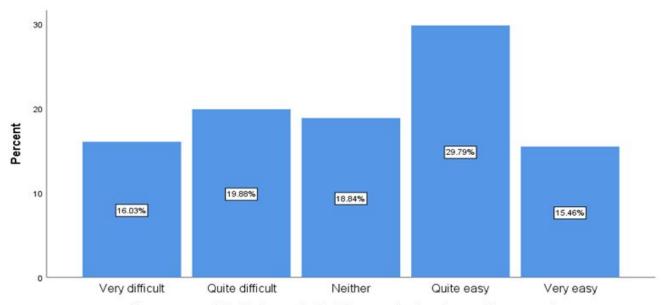
• There is no statistically significant relationship between the mother "intimacy" and the level of ease or difficulty young people find in talking openly about sex to their mother.







## Null Hypothesis 5



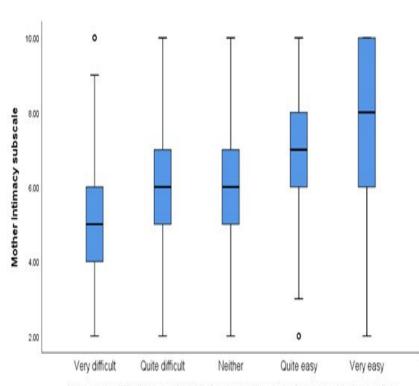
How easy or difficult do you find talking openly about sex with your mother

- N = 4,435
- 45% of young people (n = 2,007)reported it was 'quite easy' or 'very easy'
- 36% (n = 1,593) reported some level of difficulty





### Hypothesis 5



How easy or difficult do you think it is for you to talk openly about sex with your mother

- Distribution Levels
- 'very difficult' (n = 711, mean = 5, IQR = 2)
- 'quite difficult' (n = 874, mean = 6, IQR = 2)
- 'neither' (n = 822, mean = 6, IQR = 2)
- 'quite easy' (n = 1306, mean = 7, IQR = 2)
- 'very easy' (n = 666, mean = 8. IQR = 4)
- 75% of 'quite easy' and 'very easy' group rated mother's intimacy level at 6 or above





## Hypothesis 5



 A moderate positive correlation was found







## Hypotheses

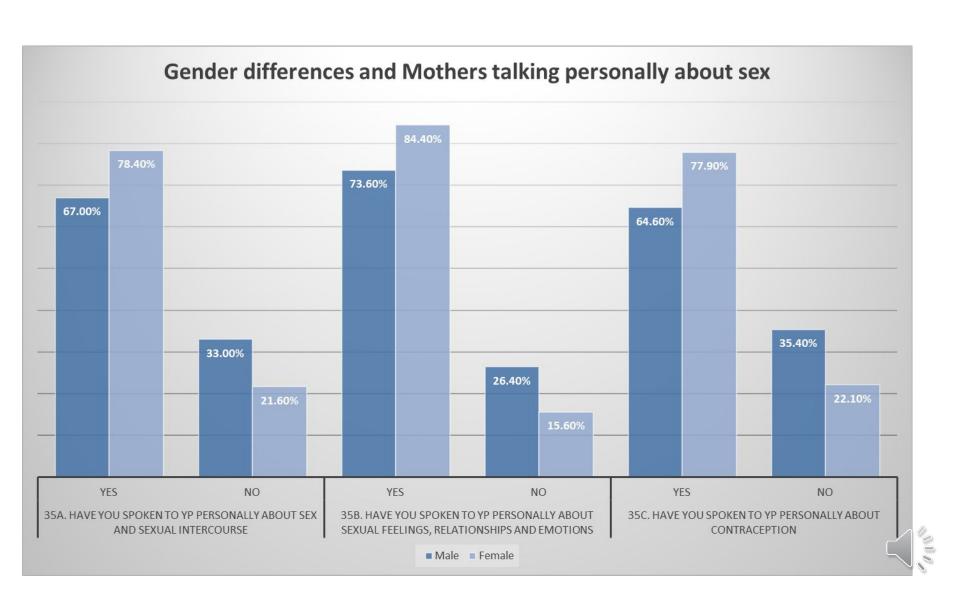
#### Hypothesis 6a:

- There is no statistical difference between mothers talking personally about
  - A) sex and sexual intercourse;
  - B) sexual feelings, relationships and emotions;
  - C) contraception
- with her child and the child's gender





## Hypotheses 6a,b,c





#### Discussion

- When young people have problems, mothers were reported 35% ahead of another adult and 30% ahead of fathers
- Mothers intimacy levels had a moderately positive correlation on young peoples levels of comfort in talking openly with the mother about sex
- Disclosures were made to parents, usually mothers(75%) ahead of other adults (11%) (RCNI, 2012)
- Could be significant for targeting mothers as a health resource for young people wishing to disclose negative/abusive sexual encounters
- Supports similar findings of parental connectedness and communication about sexual topics (Markham et al., 2010; McNeely et al, 2002)





### Policy

- The Irish National Sexual Health Strategies (Department of Health, 2015)
- The Framework for Improved Health and Wellbeing (2013-2023)
- United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (1989)
  - Article 18
- UN Committee on the Rights of the Child (CRC), General comment No. 13 (2011): The right of the child to freedom from all forms of violence, 18 April 2011, (CRC/C/GC/13)





#### Limitations

- Study was cross-sectional compares at a single point in time
- Findings are limited to only the mothers reporting she has spoken personally about sex
- Parents self professed openness about sex has been questionable (Hyde et al, 2009)





#### **Future Research**

- Gap in our knowledge as to parents (mothers) preparedness for possible disclosures
- Hackett (2011, 2016) echo's the need for family's preparedness and support in the area of harmful sexual behaviour in adolescent relationships
- Mothers awareness and preparedness as an emotional and health resource to young people experiencing harmful sexual encounters with peers
  - Parents of Survivors
  - Parents of Perpetrators





## **THANK YOU**

• Any questions?





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